East Link Ecosystem Mitigation

System Expansion Committee 9/8/22

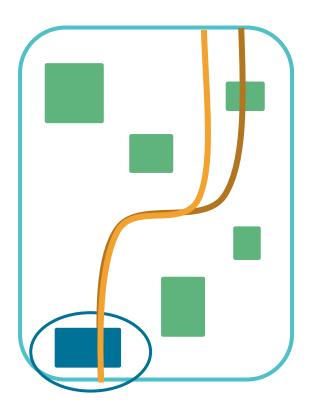


Why we are here

Highlight East Link ecosystem mitigation work

- Showcase opportunities the mitigation program provides for meaningful environmental restoration
- Illustrate the benefit of strong partnerships with federal, state, and local jurisdictions and Tribes

Environmental Review Phase



Preferred Alignment

Resource Analysis

Impact Assessment

Avoidance & Minimization

Compensation and/or Restoration



What Are East Link's Natural Resource Impacts?

Temporary impacts: 7 acres

Permanent impacts: 6.5 acres

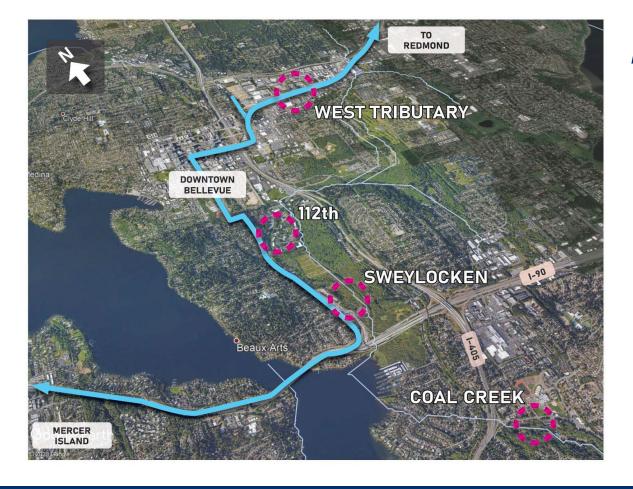


Mitigation Development

- Collaborative process with City of Bellevue, state and federal regulators, and Tribes
- 4 separate mitigation sites
- 14 acres of ecosystem mitigation







Mitigation Sites

4 sites totaling 14 acres

- 1. Coal Creek (1 acre)
- 2. Sweyolocken (7 acres)
- 3. 112th (4 acres)
- 4. West Tributary (2 acres)



Coal Creek





Coal Creek Instream Wood

- Provides pools, riffles
- Refuge for juvenile salmon
- Spawning areas for adult salmon







Sweyolocken





Sweyolocken Mitigation Site



Sweyolocken Mitigation Site







Sweyolocken - Successes

- Retained many native plants
- Saved existing peat soil
- Evidence of animal use:
 - Deer

- Geese
- Rabbits
- Songbirds
- Coyotes
- Frogs

- Owls
- Beavers

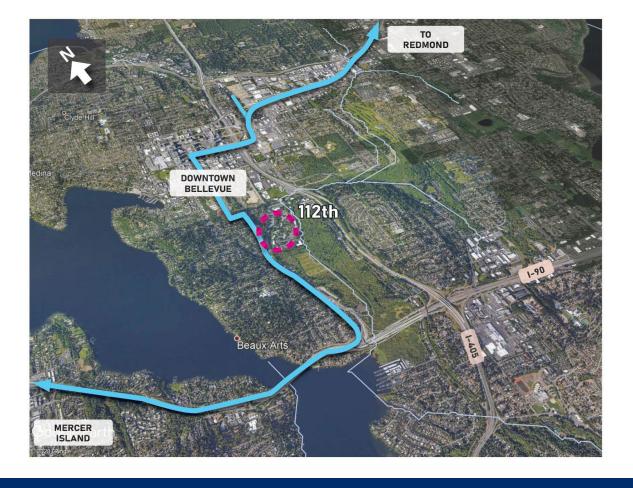
Heron

Turtles





112th



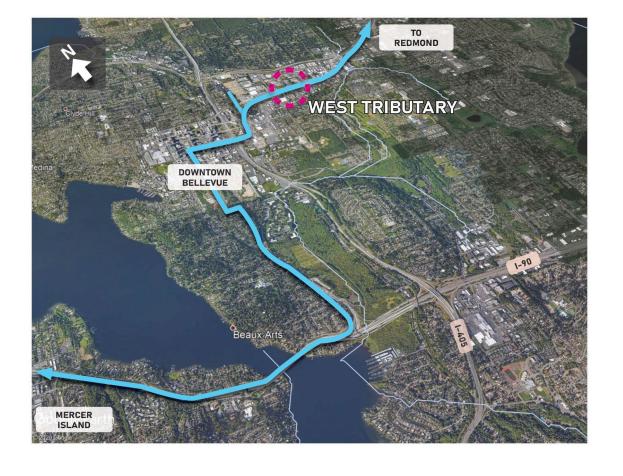


112th Mitigation Site





West Tributary





West Tributary Mitigation Site

- Located on a branch of Kelsey Creek, a salmon bearing stream
- Directly south of East Link alignment
- Provides habitat connection
- Surrounded by industrial uses



West Tributary Mitigation Site





West Tributary – Construction

- Removed pavement and up to 9 feet of fill material
- Stream grading and habitat improvements
- Control of water both stream and groundwater





West Tributary – Stream Restoration





After

Thank you.



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